

Cardiac Procedures Report January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023 Data

Surgical Aortic Valve Replacement (SAVR)

Surgical aortic valve replacement (SAVR) is used to treat aortic stenosis (narrowing or stiffening) or regurgitation (abnormal backflow or leaking of blood) in order to restore blood flow from the heart to the body. The aortic valve is replaced with an artificial (mechanical) or biological (animal or human tissue) valve.

Table Notes

Total Number of Cases represents all inpatient hospitalizations, after exclusions, for patients 18 years and older who underwent a SAVR (without coronary artery bypass graft or other heart valve procedure).

Mortality represents patients who died during the hospital stay.

Readmission represents patients who were readmitted to a Pennsylvania acute care hospital within 7, 30 and 90 days of the discharge date of the original hospitalization. Out-of-state residents were excluded because readmission data was not available for patients readmitted to a non-Pennsylvania hospital. Planned readmissions were not counted.

Extended Postoperative Length of Stay represents patients whose length of stay in the hospital following a SAVR procedure was significantly longer than expected, after accounting for patient risk.

Average Hospital Charge represents the entire length of stay and is trimmed and casemix adjusted. Professional fees were not included. In almost all cases, hospitals typically receive actual payments from private insurers or government payers that are considerably less than the listed charge.

See About the Report or Technical Notes for further details.



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Understanding the Symbols

The symbols displayed in this report represent a comparison of actual *mortality*, *readmission* and *extended postoperative length of stay* rates to what is expected, after accounting for patient risk.

Using readmission as an example:

- **O Rate was significantly lower than expected.** Fewer patients were readmitted than could be attributed to patient risk and random variation.
- **Rate was not significantly different than expected.** The number of patients who were readmitted was within the range anticipated based on patient risk and random variation.
- **Rate was significantly higher than expected.** More patients were readmitted than could be attributed to patient risk and random variation.

See **About the Report** or **Technical Notes** for further details.