Potentially Preventable Hospitalizations
Calendar Year (CY) 2022

County of Residence	CY 2022 Hospitalizations	
	Number	Rate per 10,000 Residents (age 18 and older)
Statewide	127,381	123.8
Adams	772	92.4
Allegheny	11,511	114.5
Armstrong	612	116.3
Beaver	1,861	138.0
Bedford	469	122.4
Berks	5,158	154.4
Blair	1,253	129.2
Bradford	699	150.1
Bucks	5,700	110.4
Butler	1,676	107.3
Cambria	1,510	141.6
Cameron	68	183.9
Carbon	660	124.6
Centre	949	70.7
Chester	3,779	90.3
Clarion	331	110.2
Clearfield	845	128.9
Clinton	339	113.4
Columbia	543	101.7
Crawford	808	122.2
Cumberland	2,037	97.5
Dauphin	2,741	123.2
Delaware	5,556	124.2
Elk	234	94.3
Erie	2,426	114.2
Fayette	1,760	171.6
Forest	71	105.8
Franklin	1,165	95.6
Fulton	91	78.0
Greene	301	105.2
Huntingdon	497	137.6
Indiana	881	129.7
Jefferson	452	130.2
Juniata	192	105.4

This analysis was limited to Pennsylvania general acute care hospitals.
Rates were calculated using PHC4 inpatient discharge data and US Census Bureau population data.
Potentially preventable hospitalizations were identified by a set of Prevention Quality Indicators developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality.

Potentially Preventable Hospitalizations
Calendar Year (CY) 2022

County of Residence	CY 2022 Hospitalizations	
	Number	Rate per 10,000 Residents (age 18 and older)
Lackawanna	2,411	140.9
Lancaster	3,491	82.3
Lawrence	960	140.4
Lebanon	1,114	100.3
Lehigh	3,726	128.4
Luzerne	3,339	128.3
Lycoming	1,005	111.5
McKean	236	73.6
Mercer	1,207	135.8
Mifflin	454	127.3
Monroe	1,721	126.2
Montgomery	7,664	113.3
Montour	196	136.2
Northampton	3,805	151.0
Northumberland	1,089	148.6
Perry	452	124.7
Philadelphia	20,956	169.5
Pike	322	65.0
Potter	126	97.3
Schuylkill	1,799	156.9
Snyder	325	103.4
Somerset	644	106.8
Sullivan	48	91.2
Susquehanna	401	128.6
Tioga	365	111.1
Union	282	80.5
Venango	616	152.1
Warren	362	118.2
Washington	2,152	127.9
Wayne	446	103.5
Westmoreland	3,953	136.9
Wyoming	268	127.8
York	3,499	97.7

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