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OVERVIEW

Purpose of the Guide

This guide is provided to assist hospitals in completing the review and attestation of the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data and the supplemental clinical data related to coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) and/or valve surgery cases for patients 18 years of age and older. The ultimate goal of this process is to provide an accurate set of data for analysis of cases included in PHC4’s cardiac surgery report. While PHC4 staff can assist in providing the structure for data review and attestation, the data accuracy is ultimately the responsibility of the hospitals. PHC4 will analyze and publish the data as submitted and attested to by the surgeons and hospitals. This version of the guide is effective for Quarter 4, 2019 through Quarter 3, 2020 data.

When to Review the Cardiac Surgery Data

Review and attestation of the cardiac surgery data is to be completed on a quarterly basis after submission of the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data. Schedules for completion of the review and due dates for submission of cardiac surgery data materials will be posted on PHC4’s website at http://www.phc4.org.

Communication

If you have questions regarding the data review and attestation process, contact the Health Policy Research Department at (717) 232-6787 or email heart@phc4.org.

Mailing Address

Send all cardiac surgery review and attestation materials to:

PHC4 Cardiac Surgery Project
225 Market St, Suite 400
Harrisburg, PA 17101
CARDIAC SURGERY DATA REVIEW AND ATTESTATION

Getting Started
Review and attestation of the cardiac surgery data is completed using the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool available on PHC4’s secure portal at https://www.phc4submit.org.

Discharges in the study population are identified by the presence of at least one of the ICD-10-PCS (International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Procedure Coding System) procedure codes that define CABG-valve procedures (see Appendix) for patients 18 years of age and older.

If your hospital submitted a cardiac surgery data file
If your hospital used the Data Upload tool in PHC4’s secure portal to upload a quarterly cardiac surgery data file, the data is ready for review as outlined in this guide as soon as the upload is complete.

If your hospital chose to manually enter the supplemental clinical data
Once the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data and the laboratory data files have been submitted to PHC4, hospitals can extract the “Required Linking” and “UB-04 Data” data elements from the UB-04 data into the web-based tool using the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool. The option to “Extract all cardiac surgery data from billing data” is displayed at the bottom of the Main Page. This will extract all of the records in your hospital’s UB-04 data with a CABG and/or valve procedure code for patients 18 years of age and older.

Hospitals can then 1) enter the supplemental clinical data (as outlined in the Cardiac Surgery Supplemental Clinical Data Reporting Manual), 2) indicate requests for medical record documentation review, 3) add additional diagnosis and procedure codes (when applicable), and 4) review all of the cardiac surgery data as outlined in this guide.

Available options and reports
After your data has been uploaded/extracted to the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool you can choose to:

- Review and edit your cardiac surgery records.
- View and/or print a report displaying the status of all of your cardiac surgery records including any error or informational messages.
- View and/or print a report with record review requests to assist in compiling medical record documentation to send to PHC4 for review of preoperative acute renal failure, preoperative cardiogenic shock, and/or special request for exclusion.
- View a summary report of the status of your cardiac surgery record review.
- View and/or print your hospital’s surgeon specific reports.
- Add an individual record based on the presence of an ICD-10-PCS procedure code (see Appendix) that is in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data but is not included in the list of your hospital’s cardiac surgery records in the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool.

Details pertaining to each of these options and reports are outlined on the following pages of this guide.
Review and Edit Records – Summary Page

Select “Review and Edit Records” on the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool menu to access the list of your hospital’s CABG and/or valve surgery records for patients 18 years or older for a particular quarter.

Confirm accuracy of records included in data upload/extraction

Review the list and verify that:

- All of your hospital’s CABG and/or valve records for patients 18 years or older for a particular quarter are listed. If there are records missing, see “Extract Current Data, When Applicable (Additional Records)” in this guide for more details.
- Confirm that there are no records listed that do not meet the above criteria. If a record was submitted in error, you will need to delete the record. See “Delete records, when applicable” in this guide for details.

Identifying records that need to be reviewed

Records that have not been reviewed can be identified at the top of the page by clicking on the “View all records that have not been reviewed” checkbox. When this box is checked only the records that require review will be displayed on the list.

Information included on the Record List

The following fields are located on the Record List page and can be sorted by clicking on any of the headers except the Admission Date column:

- Record Status Indicator
- Record ID assigned by PHC4
- Control Number
- Medical Record Number
- Admission Date
- Through Date

Record Status Indicators

A status indicator is provided to assist in identifying the status of records during the review process.

- A green ✅ signifies the record has been reviewed and saved without errors.
- A gray 🏷️ indicates that the record has not been reviewed. You should review the data associated with each of your cases and save the record.
- A yellow ⚠️ indicates that the record has at least one error. When a record has this indicator further information will be displayed once the record is accessed. This record will not be considered reviewed while this Record Status Indicator is present.
- A blue 📒 indicates an informational message alerting you to missing data elements that are important for the cardiac surgery analysis including risk adjustment. When a record has this indicator further information will be displayed when the record is accessed. Click “Review and Save Record” to allow this record to be changed to a reviewed status.
• A yellow 🗝️ indicates that the record is locked and cannot be accessed at this time. This occurs when another staff person is utilizing the record and prevents added/updated information from being lost.

Review and Edit Records – Individual Records

Select a record from the Record List

Select the record you would like to review by clicking on the status indicator icon under the Record Status column.

Address error and/or informational messages

Error and/or informational messages are assigned based on the validations and edits described in the Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and Billing Form Reporting Manual (Inpatient) and the Cardiac Surgery Supplemental Clinical Data Reporting Manual (both of which are available at http://www.phc4.org/dept/dc/dcmanuals.htm) or in “Additional Field Edits for Cardiac Surgery Data Submission” in this guide. In order to provide accurate data for analysis you should complete the review process by addressing each of the error and/or informational messages.

Delete records, when applicable

When a record has been included in the data upload that does not meet the procedure or age criteria, delete the record from the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool by clicking on “Delete Record.” You will be prompted to provide a reason for deleting the record in a comment box. Please provide a clear detailed explanation. For example, an explanation could be “procedure code 021109W was erroneously assigned to a record rather than the correct procedure code of 021149W.” The coding change should be made in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data to avoid the record appearing as though it needs to be extracted from the billing data into the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool.

Update cardiac surgeon, as needed

For cases in which the principal procedure was not the first CABG and/or valve procedure performed during the admission, the operating physician may not be assigned accurately. In these cases, the CABG/Valve Operating Physician field may display “Unknown Cardiac Surgeon” or another surgeon’s name. Correct this by selecting the appropriate cardiothoracic surgeon from the drop down box, which lists the name and license number of the cardiothoracic surgeons that have operated at your hospital in past quarters.

If a new cardiothoracic surgeon begins performing CABG and/or valve procedures at your hospital, you will need to add the surgeon to your list of available physicians by clicking on “Add Physician to your Facility’s List.” You may search for the surgeon by using the PA license number or by any part of the surgeon’s name. For example, when you would like to add MD123456 John H Smith, enter MD123456 or Smith to begin the search. When a surgeon is added you will be required to update the name as the surgeon would like it displayed in the report. After you have completed these steps, click on the “Add” button.
If the surgeon is already included in the PHC4 cardiac surgeon database or was in a previous PHC4 public report, PHC4 staff will make appropriate changes to the surgeon’s name to ensure consistency among facilities for public reporting purposes.

Request medical record documentation reviews

The Record Review Request data fields should be indicated as a “Yes” when a medical record documentation review is requested for preoperative cardiogenic shock, preoperative acute renal failure, and/or special request for exclusion. The “Yes” can be submitted with the initial cardiac surgery data file upload or while reviewing and editing your hospital’s cardiac surgery records.

These fields inform PHC4 that a hospital or surgeon is requesting a review of medical record documentation for 1) the presence of cardiogenic shock and/or acute renal failure in the time period immediately preceding surgery, and/or 2) a special request for exclusion of a case that does not meet the standard clinically complex exclusion criteria. Prior to requesting a medical record documentation review, see criteria for 1) preoperative cardiogenic shock and preoperative acute renal failure in the “Risk Adjustment” section of this guide, and 2) special request for exclusion in the “Exclusion” section of this guide.

Supporting medical record documentation is required for each request. See “Supporting Documentation” section for details.

Add additional diagnosis and procedure codes

To maximize the information in the cardiac surgery data, and to most accurately capture the patient’s medical status at the time of surgery, hospitals are encouraged to take advantage of the opportunity to provide up to 25 diagnosis codes and 25 procedure codes for each record. If the Coding Summary for the record lists diagnosis and procedure codes that were not included in your hospital’s initial UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data submission or cardiac surgery data file upload, you are encouraged to add the additional codes.

With the exception of the principal diagnosis and procedure codes, the order in which the codes appear is not relevant to the analysis. However, if a record’s Coding Summary lists more than 25 diagnosis or 25 procedure codes, you are encouraged to provide the codes most relevant to understanding the case. The Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool allows you to change any of the diagnosis or procedure codes in the initial data submission/upload to codes on the Coding Summary that may be more relevant for exclusion or risk adjustment. See the “Exclusions” and “Risk Adjustment” sections of this guide for more details.

Submit updates and verify that all errors have been corrected

When you have completed your review and updates for a particular record, select “Review & Save Record.” The record will be validated after your updates have been made to ensure that there are no remaining errors. Please note that this step is required for a record to be considered reviewed.

If all errors have been corrected, you will be redirected to the Summary Page. If error and/or informational messages are still present, you will remain on the Individual Record page. If the record contains errors and you wish to continue with the review process and return to the record...
at a later date, click the “Back to Summary” link at the top of the page. All errors should be corrected prior to the due date of the review and attestation process for the quarter.

Any informational messages not addressed will continue to be shown at the top of the individual record. However, you can click the “Back to Summary” link at the top of the page and return to the Summary Page at any time. Although data is acceptable and may be submitted with outstanding informational messages, you will need to click “Review & Save Record” in order for the record to be considered “reviewed” and ready for analysis.

Record Detail Status Report

Select “Record Detail Status Report” on the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool menu to obtain a report identifying all of the error and/or informational messages for each record.

Using the Record Detail Status Report

The report is sorted by Record ID and is provided to aid in completion of the individual record review process. This report can be used in conjunction with the Physician Sign-Off Report to help identify, document, and correct errors in the records. After all error and/or informational messages have been addressed, “Reviewed” will appear on the report for each individual record. If the report states “Not Reviewed,” access the individual record, review and edit the information, and then click on “Review & Save Record.”

Record Review Request Report

Select “Record Review Request Report” on the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool menu to obtain a list of records for which a medical record documentation review for preoperative acute renal failure, preoperative cardiogenic shock, and/or special request for exclusion are requested. Provide this report to the personnel in your hospital who are responsible for copying the supporting documentation to include in your packet submission.

What should I do if a Record Review Request is missing from this report?

If the Record Review Request Report does not list all of your requested medical record documentation reviews for preoperative cardiogenic shock, preoperative acute renal failure, and/or special request for exclusions:
   1) access each of the missing records,
   2) update the Record Review Indicator to “Yes,”
   3) click “Review & Save Record.”

What should I do if a Record Review Request is indicated but it should not be performed?

If the Record Review Request Report indicates a medical record documentation review for preoperative cardiogenic shock, preoperative acute renal failure, and/or special request for exclusion but the review is not needed:
   1) access the individual record,
   2) update the Record Review Indicator to “No,”
   3) click “Review & Save Record.”
Summary Status Report

Select “Summary Status Report” on the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool menu to view the progress of the record reviews. This report will identify the total number of claims, total number of cardiac surgery records, total number of expected cardiac surgery records, and total number of cardiac surgery records that have been reviewed.

What should I do if the total number and expected numbers of records do not match?

The total number of cardiac surgery records and the total number of expected cardiac surgery records should be the same number. If not, there are records in your UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data that need to be extracted to the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool. When this occurs the details for extracting these records are available on the Main Reports page. See the section “Extract Current Data, When Applicable (Additional Records)” for further details.

What should I do if the total number and reviewed number of records do not match?

The total number of cardiac surgery records that have been reviewed should equal the total number of expected cardiac surgery records when the review process is complete. When the numbers are not equal there are records that require review in order to complete the review process. Use the “Record Detail Status Report” to identify the “Not Reviewed” records, access the individual records, review the information, and click on “Review & Save Record.” The records that require review can also be identified on the Review and Edit Records Summary Page by clicking on the “View all records that have not been reviewed” checkbox at the top of the page.

Physician Sign-Off Report

View/Print Hospital or Physician Reports

View/print all of your hospital’s cases or a particular physician’s cases by selecting his/her name. When selecting a physician, if “Unknown Cardiac Surgeon” appears as an option there are cases that need to be assigned to a particular surgeon; complete these assignments before providing the surgeons with their reports. This function is available at any time during the review process and may aid in the collection of supplemental clinical data, additional diagnosis and procedure codes, and other administrative data needed to address error and/or informational messages.

Using the Physician Sign-Off Report as a worksheet

The Physician Sign-Off Reports may be used as a worksheet to add additional diagnosis and procedure codes or to review accuracy of supplemental clinical data, medical record documentation review requests and the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data. Select the All Physicians option and print the entire report, distribute the worksheet and the Record Detail Status Report to the appropriate personnel within your hospital for review, then correct/add the relevant data.

Search the report

To search for a particular record or search for all cases containing particular information use the search function in the tool bar at the left of the screen. The search function is identified by the icon with a picture of binoculars. Enter the information you are looking for in the search field and then click “Search.” All of your results for the search will be shown in the bottom left
corner of the web page. This feature may vary depending upon the PDF viewing software installed on your computer.

**Prepare final report for physicians**

When the individual record review is complete and all error messages are corrected print a final report for the surgeons to review. Choose the All Physician option and the report will be organized by physician; the physician’s name will appear on the top and bottom of each page of his/her cases. At the end of each physician’s record list, the physician sign-off statement is printed with space for the physician’s signature.

**Obtain surgeon attestation**

Provide each surgeon with a copy of their individual Physician Sign-Off Report. The physicians are encouraged to review their cases thoroughly. If during the physician review minor changes in the data are identified, these changes can be made on the Physician Sign-Off Report by crossing out the old data value and writing in the new value. For these changes to be reflected in the analysis, the cardiac surgery data in the web-based tool must be updated accordingly.

Once the surgeons have reviewed their cases they need to sign the report in the space provided, attesting to the following statement printed at the bottom of each physician’s report:

> “I affirm that the cases assigned to me are accurate as printed, or revised as requested, and that the data elements which include patient diagnosis and procedure codes are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge.”

Each record with a CABG and/or valve procedure needs to be attested to by the operating physician unless circumstances prohibit this. If, for example, a physician is no longer on staff, the director/chairperson of the medical staff or cardiac surgery department can attest to the cases. Include a note indicating why the physician was not available and identify the person who signed for him/her by name and title. **Please remember to make a copy of the sign-off reports for your files.**

**Extract Current Data, When Applicable (Additional Records)**

If there is a record in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data that has a CABG and/or valve procedure code and the patient is 18 years of age and older and the record is not displayed in the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool, the message “__ outstanding record(s) needs to be extracted” will be displayed on the Main Page. Choose “Extract outstanding cardiac surgery records from billing data” and click on “Extract Cardiac Surgery Data” to extract these records.

**Obtain Hospital Confirmation Statement**

Each hospital needs to complete the *Hospital Confirmation Statement Form*. A copy of the form is available on the PHC4 website:

The form includes a checklist of all the items to return to PHC4, the confirmation statement displayed below, and a signature line for the PHC4 contact:

“I confirm, to the best of my knowledge, the accuracy of all data elements and physician assignments in the submitted files and that the final data in these files match the data listed in the Physician Sign-Off Reports.”

Prepare Documentation to Send to PHC4

- Hospital Confirmation Statement.
- Physician Sign-Off Reports. **Make a copy for your files before sending to PHC4.**
- Supporting medical record documentation packets for the following cases with relevant information indicated on the "Cover Sheet for Cardiac Surgery Supporting Documentation” (see Supporting Documentation section for details):
  - Preoperative cardiogenic shock (*present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of R57.0*).
  - Preoperative acute renal failure (*present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of N17.0 – N17.9*).
  - Special requests for exclusion (*a letter describing the reason for the request needs to be included*).
  - Special request for exclusion for Implantation of LVAD for Destination Therapy and Bridge-to-Transplant.

Mail Documentation

Send all cardiac surgery review and attestation materials to:

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PHC4 Cardiac Surgery Project
225 Market St, Suite 400
Harrisburg, PA 17101
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ADDITIONAL FIELD EDITS FOR CARDIAC SURGERY DATA

Address Error and/or Informational Messages Related to Cardiac Surgery Data
Additional fields have been calculated by PHC4 and included as error or informational messages for your review. If there are issues that need addressed an error flag and/or informational flag will be shown on the Record Summary page.

Admission Date is equal to Through Date and Discharge Status does not equal 20
Verify that the Admission/Start of Care Date, Statement Covers – Through Date and Discharge Status are correct. This informational message is provided to verify the discharge status on the record. Verify the discharge status to determine whether it should be 20 (expired) or 02 (transferred to another acute care facility).

Anesthesia Start Date does not equal first CABG and/or valve Procedure Date
Verify Anesthesia Start Date and/or first CABG and/or valve Procedure Date. This informational message is provided to alert you to a potential error in the Anesthesia Start Date and/or Principal or Other Procedure Date fields. The first CABG and/or valve surgery is the one performed first during the admission not the first one coded. This scenario is acceptable when the anesthesia was started prior to midnight and the surgery was performed the next calendar day (after midnight).

Hospital DRG (PPS) does not match PHC4 calculated CABG/Valve DRG (PPS)
Verify the patient Birth Date, Admission/Start of Care Date, Diagnosis and Procedure Codes, Present on Admission Indicators, Patient Sex and Discharge Status. PHC4 will recalculate the DRG (PPS) each time the record is “Reviewed & Saved”:
- If you agree with the PHC4 calculated CABG/Valve DRG (PPS), update the Hospital DRG accordingly.
- If you do not agree with the PHC4 calculated CABG/Valve DRG (PPS), correct the Patient Birth Date, Admission/Start of Care Date, Diagnosis and Procedure Codes, Present on Admission Indicators, Patient Sex and/or Discharge Status so that the PHC4 Calculated CABG/Valve DRG (PPS) matches the value submitted by your hospital. PHC4 utilizes the most current grouper for calculating this field.

Laboratory Specimen Collection Date and Time is after Anesthesia Start Date and Time
Verify Specimen Collection Date and Time and/or Anesthesia Start Date and Time or provide laboratory test result prior to the start of anesthesia. If this informational message appears review the laboratory test results submitted to identify the result(s) with a collection date and time after the start of anesthesia date and time. It is our intention for risk adjustment purposes to continue using the laboratory test results from specimens collected prior to anesthesia start time and within the laboratory test collection timeframe specified in the Laboratory Data Reporting Manual.

Missing CABG and/or valve surgery code in Principal or Other Procedure Code fields
Add a CABG or valve procedure code or delete the record. If the record was uploaded or extracted in error with your cardiac surgery data, delete the record from the cardiac surgery data and correct the procedure code in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data. Otherwise the tool will
continue to indicate that the record needs to be extracted into the cardiac surgery data. See “Delete Records, When Applicable” in this guide for further details.

**Patient stay is longer than 100 days**
Verify Admission/Start of Care Date and/or Statement Covers – Through Date. This informational message is an alert that the length of stay is greater than 100 days. The length of stay is calculated using the Admission/Start of Care Date and the Statement Covers – Through Date. If the length of stay is correct, no action is needed. If there is an error in one of the two dates, the record will need to be deleted from the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool. You should then correct the Admission/Start of Care Date and/or the Statement Covers – Through Date in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data and extract the record back into the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool. See the sections “Delete Records, When Applicable” and “Extract Current Data, When Applicable (Additional Records)” in this guide for further details.

**Principal or Other Procedure Date is before Admission Date**
Verify the applicable Principal or Other Procedure Date and/or the Admission/Start of Care Date are correct and that the procedure in question was performed prior to admission.

**Preoperative Acute Renal Failure equals "Y" and Diagnosis Code is not present**
This error message will be displayed when a medical record documentation review is requested for preoperative acute renal failure but an ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of N17.0, N17.1, N17.2, N17.8, or N17.9 is not on the record. Add the relevant diagnosis code or update the Record Review Request to “No.”

**Preoperative Cardiogenic Shock equals "Y" and Diagnosis Code is not present**
This error message will be displayed when a medical record documentation review is requested for preoperative cardiogenic shock but an ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of R57.0 is not on the record. Add the relevant diagnosis code or update the Record Review Request to “No.”

**Social Security Number is Invalid**
This informational message is displayed when the Social Security Number (SSN) in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data is invalid. Valid SSNs are important when the analysis (e.g., readmissions) requires the linking of records. In order to resolve this issue when you have a valid SSN, the record will first need to be deleted from the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool, correct the SSN in the UB-04 Uniform Claims and Billing data, and extract the record back into the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool. See the sections “Delete Records, When Applicable” and “Extract Current Data, When Applicable (Additional Records)” in this guide for further details.
EXCLUSIONS

Certain cases are excluded from the CABG/valve analysis to achieve a clinically cohesive study population. These cases, however, are included in the data for review and attestation.

If any one of the standard or clinically complex exclusion criteria is present on the record, there is no need to request or complete medical record documentation review packets for special request for exclusion, preoperative cardiogenic shock, or preoperative acute renal failure.

Standard Exclusions

Standard exclusions from the CABG/valve analysis include:

- Patients who left against medical advice during the admission in which the CABG/valve surgery was performed.
- Clinically complex cases – see below for more detailed information.

Clinically Complex Cases

Clinical Complexity Exclusions

Clinical complexity exclusions are defined by ICD-10-CM/PCS codes (see Appendix). Most clinical complexity exclusions are applicable across all three procedure groups: CABG without Valve, Valve without CABG, and Valve with CABG. There are a few clinical complexity exclusions applicable only to the CABG without Valve procedure group as noted in the list of codes.

As part of the ongoing research process PHC4’s Technical Advisory Group (TAG) will periodically review the exclusion codes. If a code(s) is removed from the list of clinical complexity exclusions, you will be notified and will have an opportunity to submit documentation for medical record review prior to analysis for the cardiac surgery report.

CABG and/or valve cases that are excluded from the cardiac surgery analysis will continue to be displayed in the Cardiac Surgery Data Administration tool and will need to be reviewed and attested to by the cardiothoracic surgeon.

Special Requests for Exclusion

Hospitals and/or physicians have the opportunity to request special exclusions for cases in which the patient’s outcome was most directly associated with conditions unrelated to the CABG and/or valve surgery.

Prior to requesting a medical record documentation review, the special request for exclusion information presented below should be reviewed. Supporting medical record documentation packets, including a letter describing the specific reason for the request, are needed for each special exclusion request (see “Supporting Documentation” section in this guide).

The medical record documentation packets are reviewed and a decision to grant exclusion is based primarily on the specific reason for the request using guidance provided by physician advisors.
In past reports, requests for exclusions based on the following clinical scenarios have not been approved:

- Preoperative, high-risk/multiple risk conditions
- Preoperative adverse events occurring in the catheterization lab
- Complex post-operative complications

Please keep in mind that when these requests for exclusion arrive, they are, invariably, for patients who expired. If we consider excluding patients for a specific procedure and/or condition, then it would only be fair to exclude all such patients regardless of outcome.

**Implantation of LVAD for Destination Therapy and Bridge-to-Transplant**

We request that all cases with a ventricular assist device classified as a durable, long-term mechanical circulatory support device (e.g., HeartMate II, St. Jude Medical) identified by ICD-10-PCS procedure code 02HA0QZ (Insertion of implantable heart assist system into heart, open approach) that was implanted for the intended purpose of destination therapy or bridge-to-transplant be submitted as a Special Request for Exclusion record with an abridged documentation packet (see cover sheet for instruction).

More specifically, in order for a CABG and/or valve case with a left ventricular assist device procedure code in the record (02HA0QZ) to be considered for exclusion, the intent of implantation must be for destination therapy (patient is not a candidate for heart transplantation) or as a bridge-to-transplant (awaiting heart transplantation) only.

The cardiothoracic surgeon performing the surgery or the director/chairperson of the medical staff or cardiac surgery department still needs to attest to cases for which an exclusion is requested. Physicians are asked to attest to the accuracy of the data, not whether they believe the case should be included in the report. Cases will not be removed from the report because a physician did not attest to them.
RISK ADJUSTMENT

The goal of the review and attestation process is to ensure that the information which best describes a particular patient’s condition at the time of surgery is available for inclusion in the analysis. The following paragraphs discuss factors that may play an important role in a particular patient’s risk assessment. Laboratory data, supplemental clinical data, preoperative cardiogenic shock, and preoperative acute renal failure are likely to be important risk-adjustment factors. Other potential risk factors are also discussed.

Laboratory Data

For CABG and/or valve records, it is our intention for risk adjustment purposes to use the laboratory test results from specimens collected prior to anesthesia start time and within the laboratory test collection timeframe specified in the Laboratory Data Reporting Manual available at http://www.phc4.org/dept/dc/dcmanss.htm. These records will be identified by comparing the “Anesthesia Start Date” and “Anesthesia Start Time” submitted in the supplemental clinical data with the “Date Specimen Collected” and “Time Specimen Collected” submitted in the laboratory data.

As such, when laboratory test results within the admission timeframe are available for both prior to and after the anesthesia start date and time for the first CABG and/or valve surgery, we strongly suggest that hospitals submit laboratory results collected prior to the anesthesia start date and time. Having these results will help to fully capture the patient’s clinical condition (or risk) at the time of admission and prior to surgery.

- Example 1: A patient is admitted at 4:00 pm and has a CABG procedure performed at 7:00 pm (start time of anesthesia). Laboratory test results from Day 1 up to 7:00 pm should be reviewed for collection.
- Example 2: A patient is admitted at 9:00 pm on Day 1 and has a CABG procedure performed on Day 2 at 8:00 am (start time of anesthesia). Laboratory test results from Day 1 and Day 2 up to 8:00 am should be reviewed for collection.
- Example 3: A patient is admitted at 4:00 pm and has a CABG procedure performed on Day 5. Laboratory test results from Day 1 should be reviewed for collection.

Changes applicable to the collection of the cardiac surgery laboratory values may be made prior to the submission of the quarterly laboratory data or after submission by using the Laboratory Data Administration tool. An informational message will be displayed when the Laboratory Result Date and Time Specimen Collected for a particular record is after the Anesthesia Start Date and Time for that record. This message will also appear on the Record Detail Status Report.

Supplemental Clinical Data

Detailed information on the collection of the supplemental clinical data elements can be found in the Cardiac Surgery Supplemental Clinical Data Reporting Manual on PHC4’s website at http://www.phc4.org/dept/dc/dcmanss.htm.
Hospitals are required to submit the following supplemental clinical data elements for the first CABG and/or heart valve surgery discharges for patients 18 years of age and older:

- Anesthesia Start Date and Start Time
- American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) Class
- ASA Emergency Indicator
- Coronary Artery Disease (percent stenosis in various vessels)
- Ejection Fraction

Preoperative Cardiogenic Shock

Preoperative cardiogenic shock is an underlying factor that increases the patient’s risk of mortality at the time of surgery. Cardiogenic shock that resolved, for example, a week prior to surgery does not meet this criterion. Therefore, it is denied. Cardiogenic shock is only considered when it was present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and occurred within a reasonable time of surgery. The medical record documentation of the degree of illness must be provided in order to corroborate the claim of cardiogenic shock. When the documentation is inadequate to reach a conclusion, the request is denied.

In addition, the ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of R57.0 (Cardiogenic shock) must be submitted to PHC4 as either the principal diagnosis or one of the secondary diagnosis codes. Note that the ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of T81.11XA (Postprocedural cardiogenic shock, initial encounter) will be accepted as a replacement for R57.0 ONLY when the cardiogenic shock occurs after a procedure other than a CABG or valve and occurs prior to the first CABG and/or valve surgery. For example, the patient has a PTCA in the morning of admission and develops cardiogenic shock during or as a result of the PTCA. The decision is made to take the patient to the operating room for a CABG procedure. The cardiogenic shock in this example is acceptable to submit for review. If the cardiogenic shock occurs after the first CABG and/or valve surgery the record should NOT be submitted for review.

The medical record documentation packets are reviewed and a decision to grant preoperative cardiogenic shock is based primarily on the clinical presentation of the patient using guidance provided by physician advisors (see below).

Clinical scenario – these clinical scenarios presented in the medical record documentation packet may indicate preoperative cardiogenic shock:

- Patient’s condition “spiraling” downward – vaspressors, inotropes, IABP, ventilator, etc. required in the cardiac catheterization lab and the patient is taken emergently to the O.R.
- Cardiac arrest as a contributing or causal factor of cardiogenic shock within hours of surgery.
- Ruptured papillary muscle
- Patient would not survive without surgery if supportive treatment (inotropes, IABP, ventilator, etc.) was withdrawn.
Clinical scenarios NOT considered cardiogenic shock – these clinical scenarios presented in the medical record documentation packet typically do not support the presence of preoperative cardiogenic shock:

- Insertion of an intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) for management of angina.
- Patient taken to the O.R. for “tight” coronary anatomy.
- Patient taken to the O.R. (planned/scheduled) after acute problem(s) have been stabilized. That is, cardiogenic shock is resolved several days prior to surgery.
- Heart Failure is severe, but does not meet the hemodynamic or clinical criteria for cardiogenic shock.

Hemodynamic status – these measures of hemodynamic status provide additional data to support the clinical scenario presented in the documentation packet:

- Hypoperfusion with a systolic blood pressure <80 mmHg and central filling pressure >20 mmHg without inotropes
- Cardiac index <1.8 l/min/m²
- Inotropes with or without intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) to maintain a cardiac index ≥1.8 l/min/m²

Preoperative Acute Renal Failure

Acute renal failure is only considered when it was present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and within a reasonable time of surgery. For example, when acute renal failure has resolved a week prior to surgery it does not meet this criterion; therefore, the request it is denied. The medical record documentation of the degree of illness must be provided in order to corroborate the claim of acute renal failure. When the documentation is inadequate to reach a conclusion, the request is denied. An ICD-10-CM of acute renal failure (N17.0 – N17.9) must be submitted to PHC4 as either the principal or one of the secondary diagnosis codes.

Other Potential Risk Factors

For additional variables that may influence a patient’s outcomes see the most recent cardiac surgery report Technical Notes available at http://www.phc4.org/reports. The variables were identified through literature review and discussion with cardiothoracic surgeons. Based on recommendations from PHC4’s Technical Advisory Group, these variables, along with laboratory data, supplemental clinical data and administrative data, will be considered in PHC4’s model development that will adjust for the differences in patients’ risk. The variable lists are very inclusive and we will not know how many or which of these variables will be predictive of outcomes and be retained in the risk models until analysis for the report is complete.

As you review data and provide additional codes, you may want to ask for input from the cardiothoracic surgeons regarding diagnosis and procedure codes that would best describe a particular patient’s condition, even if the codes are not included in the most recent Technical Notes.
SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

When is Supporting Documentation Required?

Supporting medical record documentation is needed for the following cases, unless the cases were submitted to PHC4 with a *standard or clinically complex exclusion* (see the “Exclusion” section of this guide for exclusion detail):

- Preoperative cardiogenic shock (present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of R57.0; only documentation from this time period is needed).
- Preoperative acute renal failure (present between admission and surgery up to the induction of anesthesia and ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of N17.0 – N17.9; only documentation from this time period is needed).
- Special request for exclusion (a letter describing the reason for the request needs to be included).
- Special request for exclusion for Implantation of LVAD for Destination Therapy and Bridge-to-Transplant.

Required Documentation by Medical Record Review Type

The medical record documentation required for each of the medical record review types is indicated in the table below. The packet must include copies of the noted portions of the medical record in the order listed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preoperative Cardiogenic Shock</th>
<th>Preoperative Acute Renal Failure</th>
<th>Special Request for Exclusion</th>
<th>Medical Record Documentation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔*</td>
<td>Coding Summary/Face Sheet/Physician Attestation</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Letter</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔*</td>
<td>Discharge Summary</td>
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<td></td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔*</td>
<td>History and Physical (type written preferred)</td>
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<td>Physician Progress Notes</td>
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<td>Consult – Nephrology/Renal (type written preferred)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔*</td>
<td>Operative Report (type written preferred)</td>
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<td>Cardiac Catheterization Report &amp; Case Log</td>
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<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td>Anesthesia Record &amp; Pre-anesthesia Evaluation Record</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Medication Administration Record (MAR)</td>
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<td>Vital Sign Sheets</td>
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<td>ICU Nursing Flowsheets</td>
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<td>Laboratory Reports</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Documentation from Transferring Facility (if applicable)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔*</td>
<td>Any other documents necessary to support request (e.g., pertinent consults, heart catheterization reports)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Documents required for Implantation of LVAD for Destination Therapy and Bridge-to-Transplant requests.
Preparing the Supporting Documentation for Mailing to PHC4

The relevant information pertaining to the reason for the request to review the medical record documentation should be highlighted (e.g., mention of hemodynamic measures for cardiogenic shock or clinical information related to special requests for exclusion). When submitting medical record documentation review packets, PHC4 recommends that you obscure any patient identifiers (e.g., name, address, phone number, social security number). If you find this burdensome and choose not to do so, you should be aware that PHC4 will be sending the records to physicians for review via overnight delivery services such as UPS and FedEx.

These documents should be fastened together securely (with a staple or binder clip). The Cover Sheet for Cardiac Surgery Supporting Documentation Packet, which needs to be fastened to the front of the medical record documentation and provides information regarding the order of the packet, is available on PHC4’s website at:


PHC4 Storage of Supporting Documentation

Medical record documentation review packets will be kept on file until 90 days after PHC4 releases the cardiac surgery report. At that time all medical record documentation will be shredded.
APPENDIX

Study Population – ICD-10-PCS Procedure Codes

The ICD-10-PCS procedure codes that define the cardiac surgery study population can be downloaded here:

Clinical Complexity Exclusions – ICD-10-CM/PCS Diagnosis and Procedure Codes

The ICD-10-CM/PCS diagnosis and procedure codes that define clinical complexity exclusions can be downloaded here: